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2. For $k = 1, \ldots, N$ choose a new sample according to

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 $Y_k \sim g$ Sampling
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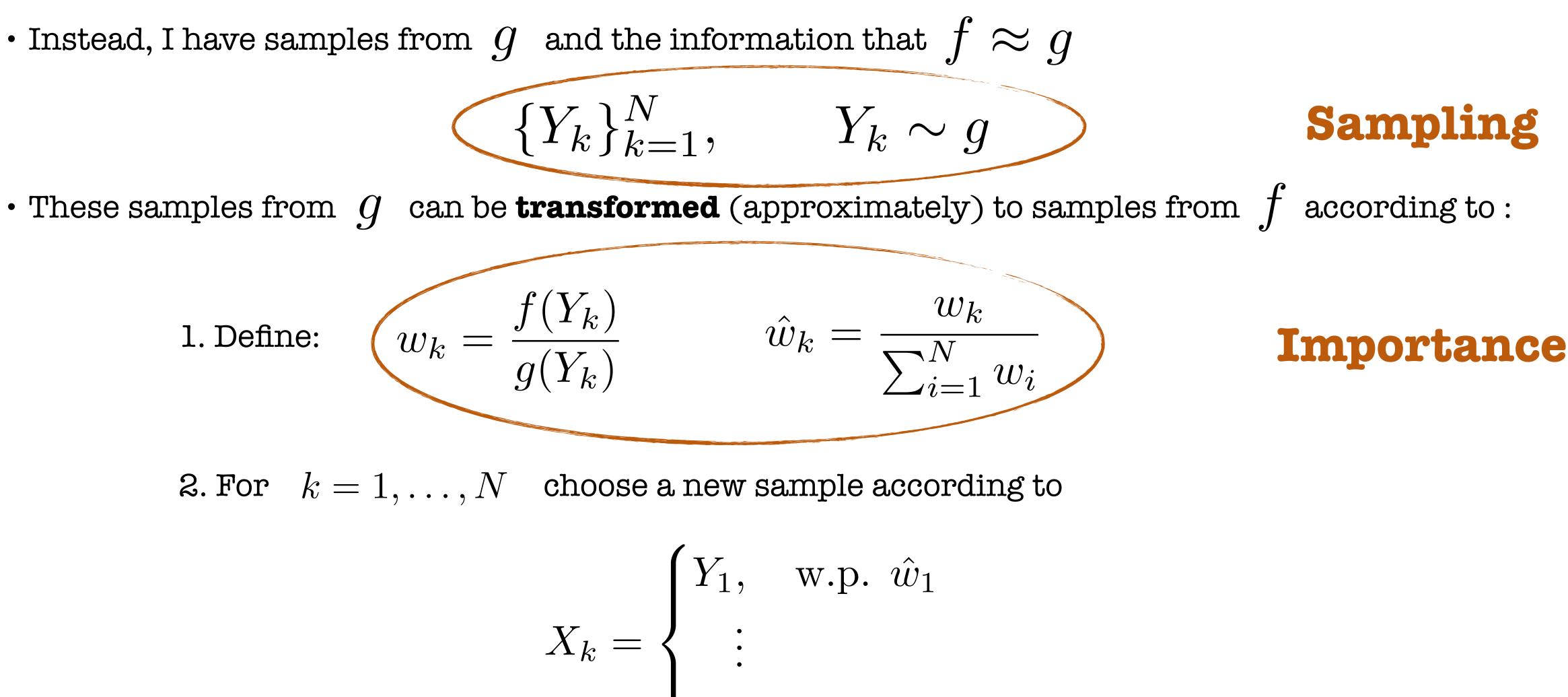
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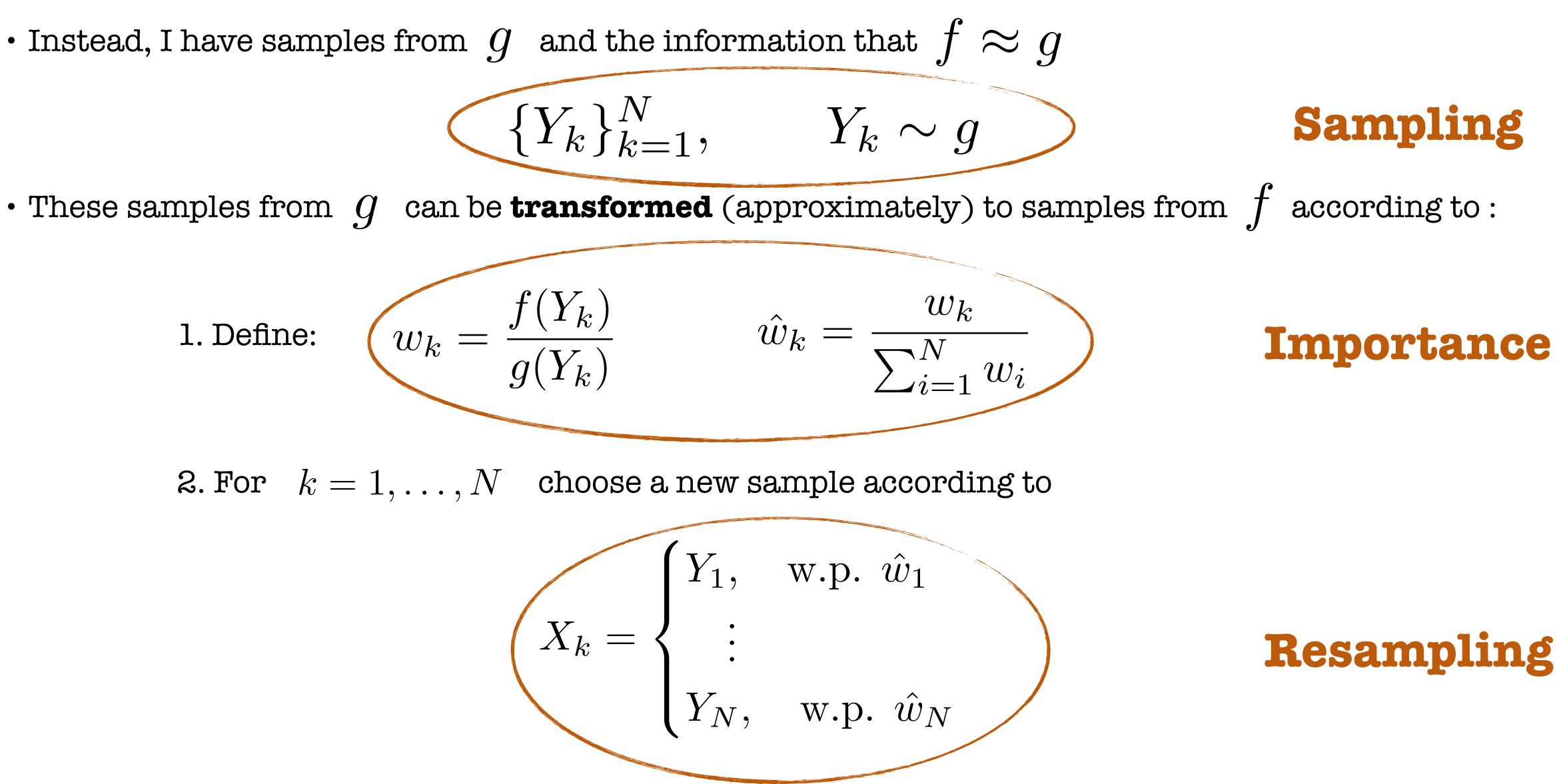


N, w.p. \hat{w}_N



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Transitional Markov Chain Monte Carlo (TMCMC)

• The goal is to sample the distribution:

 $p(\vartheta \mid d) \propto p(d \mid \vartheta) \pi(\vartheta)$

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where

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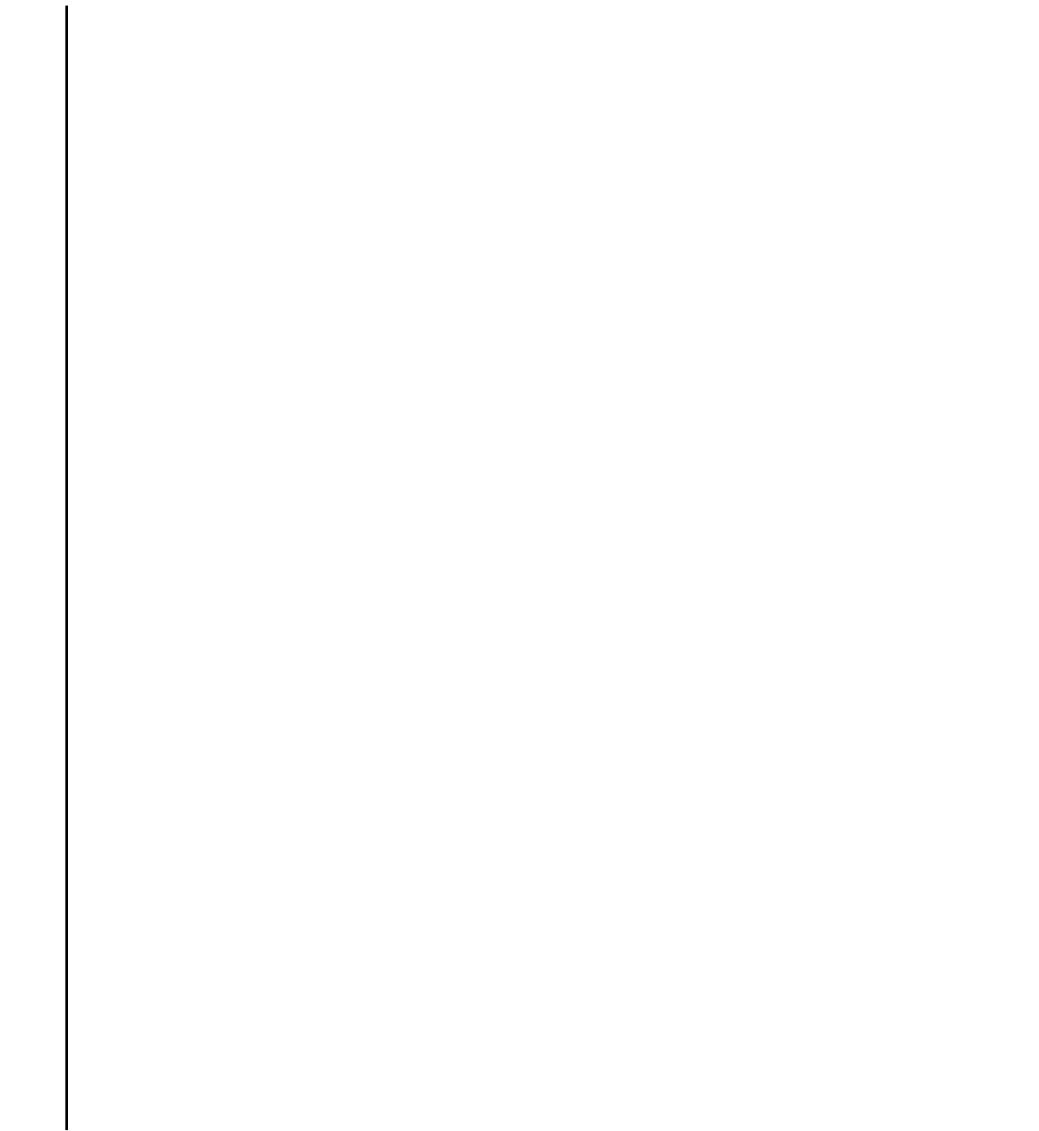
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• At the last step, we obtain samples from the target distribution.

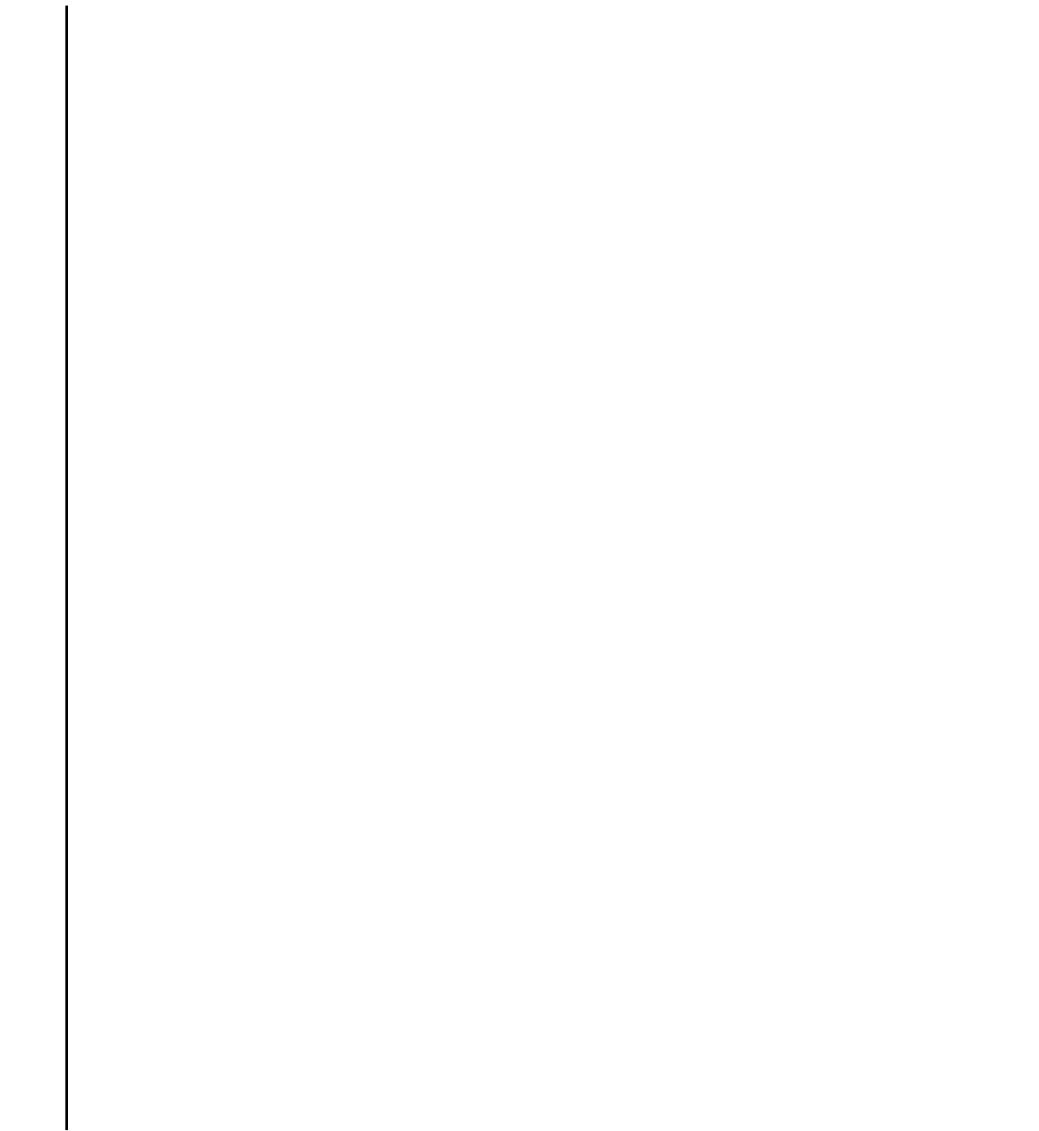
$$\propto p(d \,|\, \vartheta) \pi(\vartheta)$$

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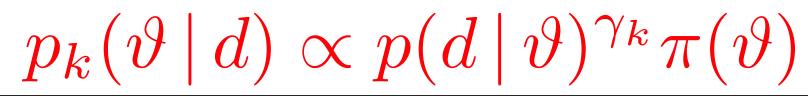


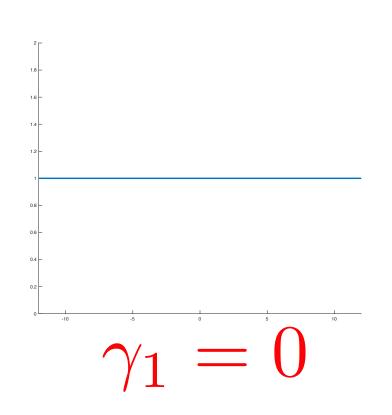
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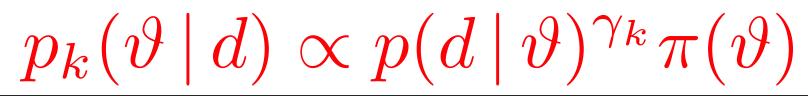


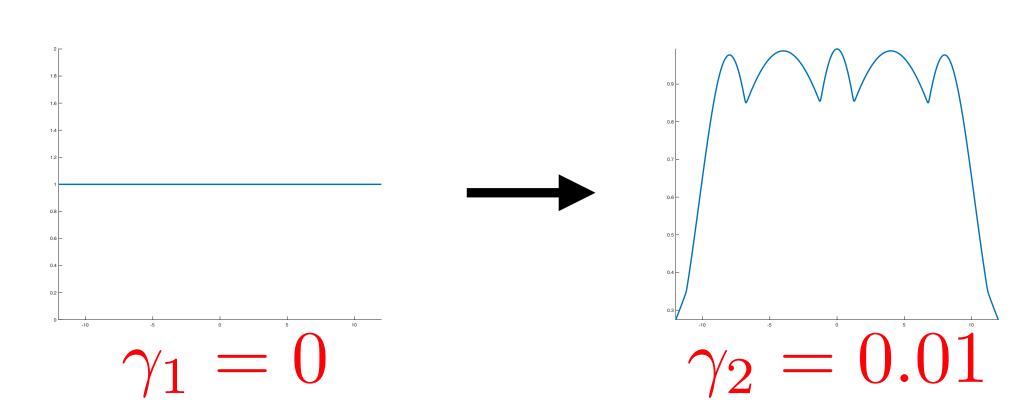
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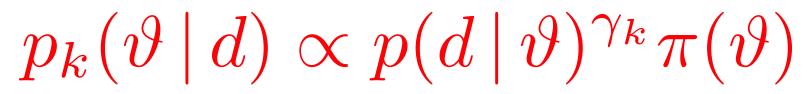


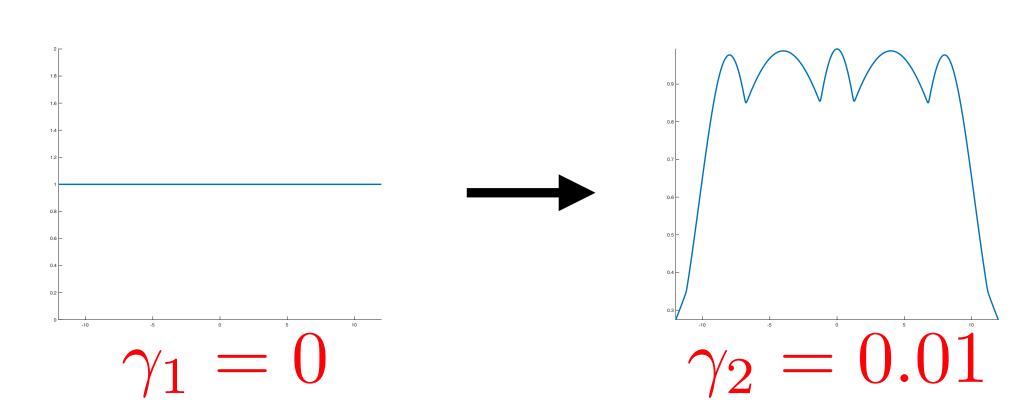
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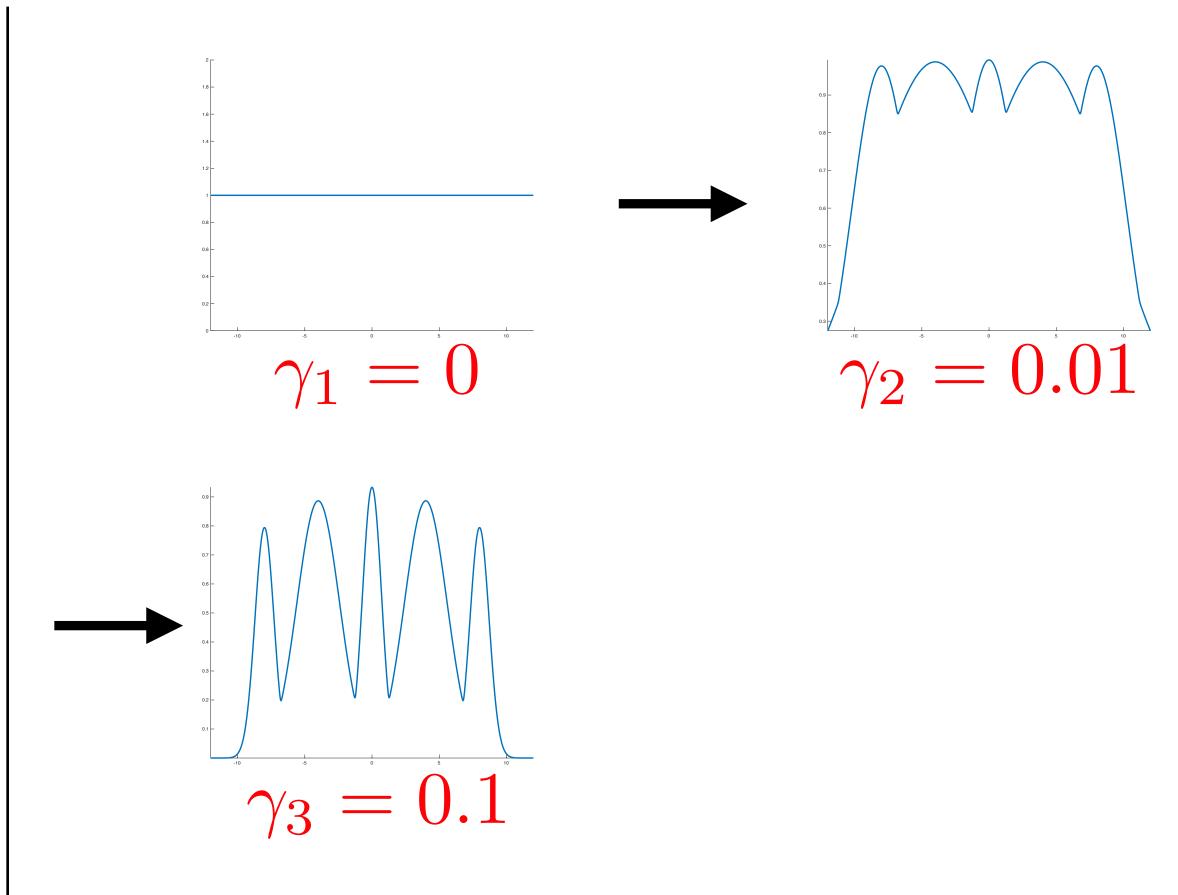
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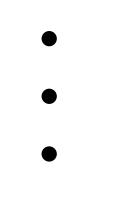
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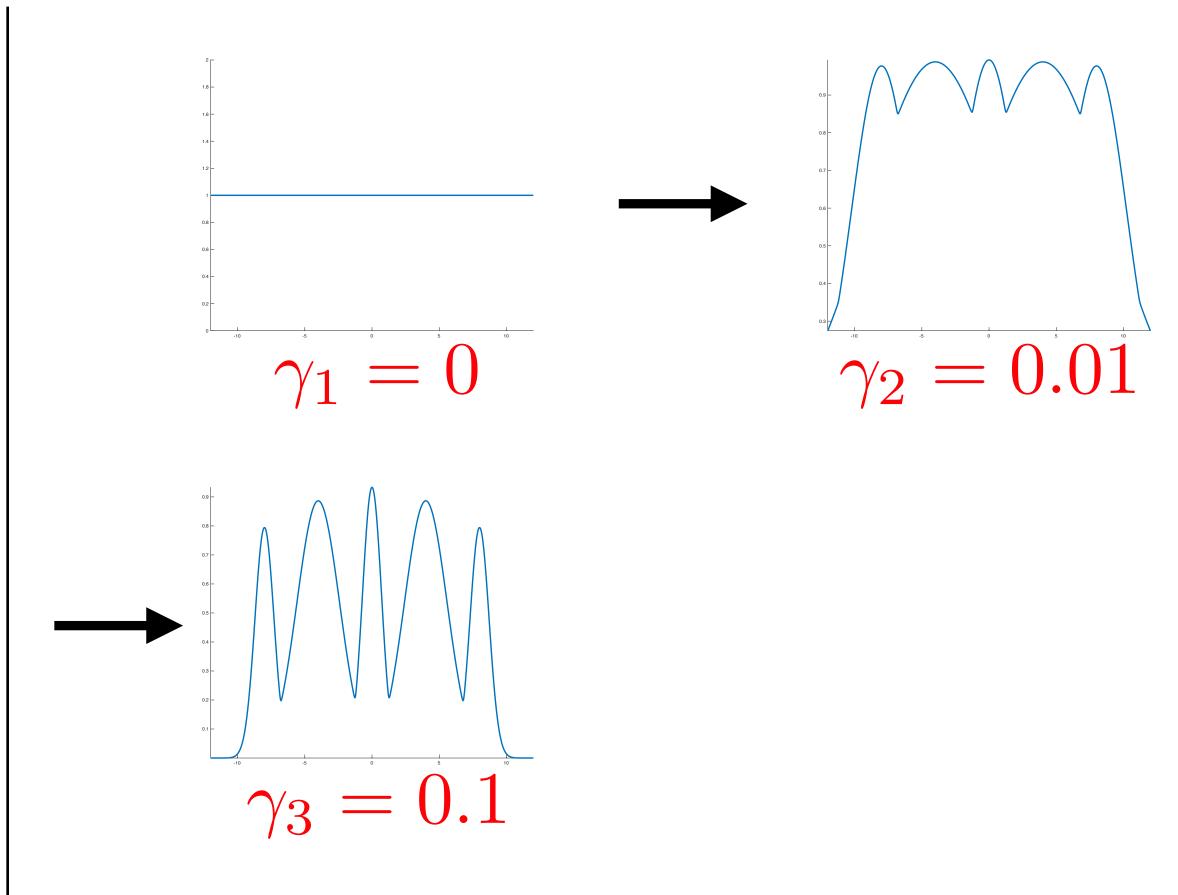


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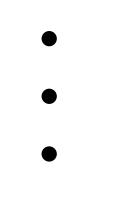


N. If I have samples for γ_{N-1} then using **SIR** I have samples approximately for $\gamma_N = 1$



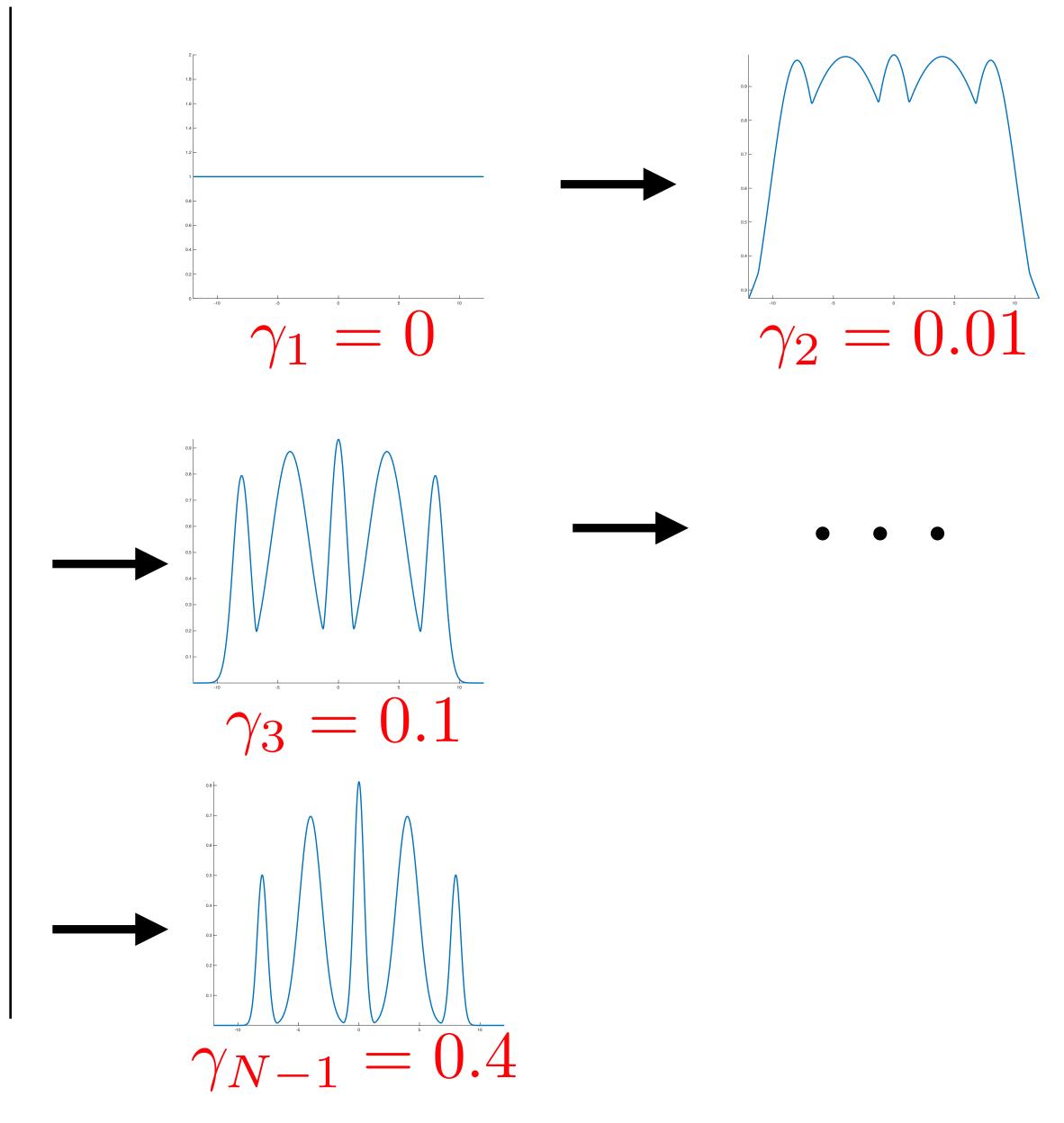
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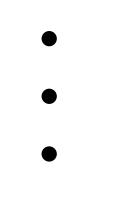
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Annealing



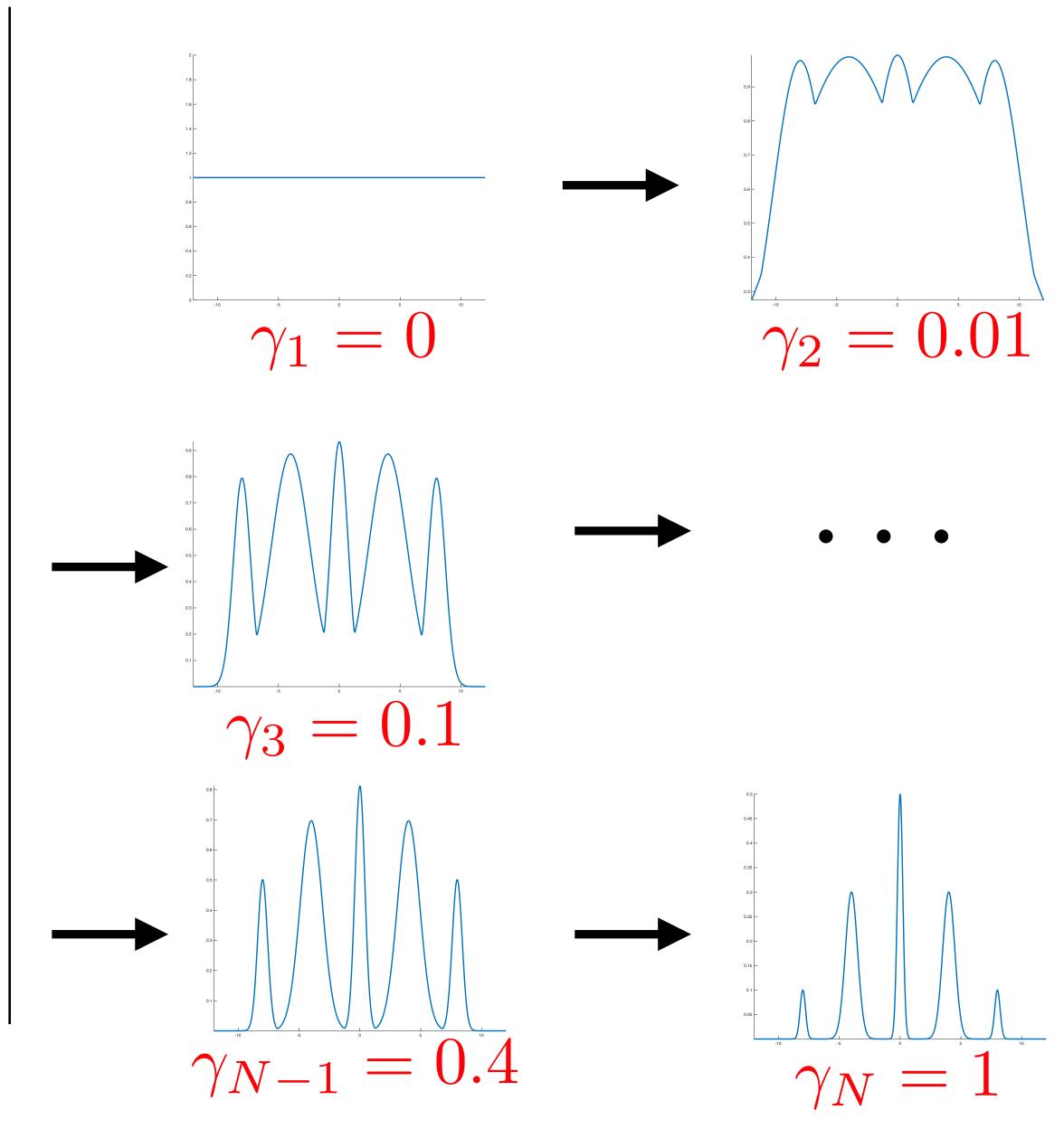
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Annealing



TIMCIMC for model selection

• Model selection: an estimator for the denominator is given by,

p(a)

$$d) \approx \prod_{k=1}^{N} S_k$$

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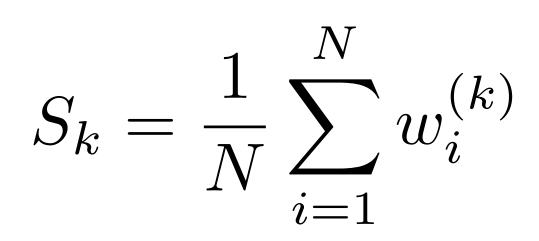
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